**REPORT ON THE REMOBILIZATION SURVEY FOR THE KOFKRO PROJECT**

**Author: Francis Adu Amankwah**

**Organization: AFES – GHANA**

**13th November 2024**

**INTRODUCTION**

The youth represent the most vibrant part of the New Juaben South Municipality (NJMS), hence there is the need to mainstream the challenges they face in their communities that acts as barriers to their participation in youth governance. Again, as they hold the promise of the future, we must explore avenues to help them address these challenges and engage them in meaningfully in the decision-making process. This survey seeks to ascertain

* The participation of the youth in governance
* The demographics and social status of the youth in Koforidua
* The challenges they face in their communities
* The interests of the youth
* The avenues for youth development.

The survey covers the New Juaben South district across 34 electoral areas on youth aged 15 – 35. For the remobilization, there was a particular focus on marginalised groups such as Persons with Disabilities (PWDs), Ghetto, Street and Zongo youth.

**METHODOLOGY**

**Survey Design**

The survey consisted of 45 unique questions under the thematic areas of demographics, contact information, employment status, interest and needs, and participation in governance.

**Sampling Technique**

To address our aim of reaching marginalised groups (especially in the case of PWDs), we used the snowballing technique. At the end of the survey, we had 2932, of whom 39.6% were females.

**Data Collection Process**

The data collection was carried out by 30 enumerators from the AFES – Ghana group over a two weeks period in October 2024. It was collected using an online questionnaire.

**Data Analysis**

We employed univariate and multivariate analysis to ascertain the distribution of variables of interest such as education status, employment status, gender, age, participation in election, challenges and interest of the youth.

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS**

**Demographics**

In the analysis, we found that 37.2% of the respondents were with the age range of 21 – 25, 30.9% in 15 – 20, 21.7% between 26 – 30 and 10.2% in 31 – 35 with a gender distribution of 60.4% males and 39.6% females. About 9% of the respondents were married. We had that about 5% of the respondents had various disabilities. Regarding the educational background of the respondents, about 65% said they had attended school in the past, 30.8% are currently schooling whiles 3.8% had never attended school. Figure 1 and 2 shows the educational levels for the respondents who are currently schooling and those who attended in the past respectively.

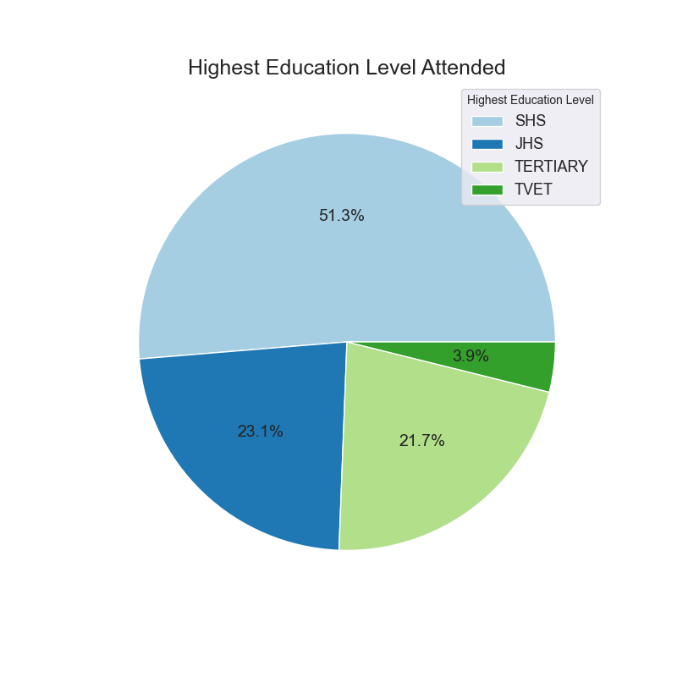
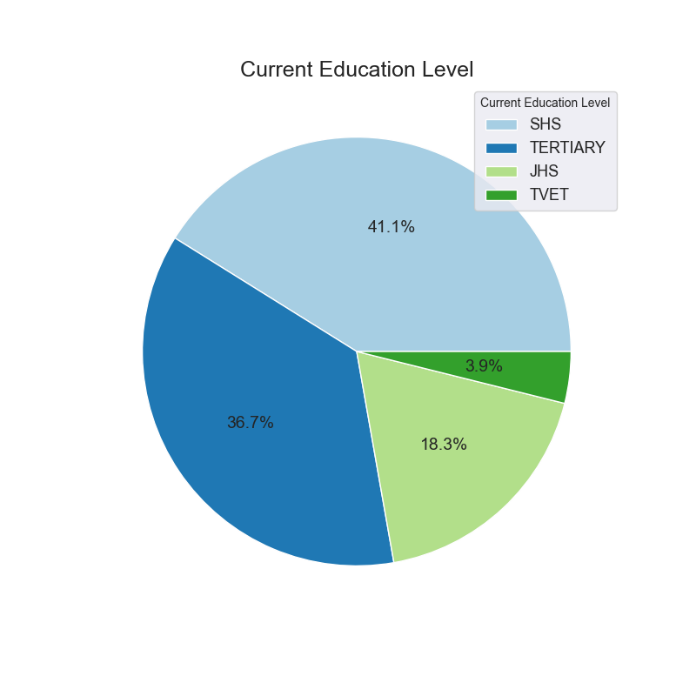


Figure : current educational level Figure : Highest educational level

The distribution of the various types of disabilities the respondents had is shown in Figure 3. Of all persons with disabilities interviewed, the most dominant type of disability is physical disability followed by hearing impairment and visual impairment. As we can see from the graph, they are some individuals with more than one type of disability.

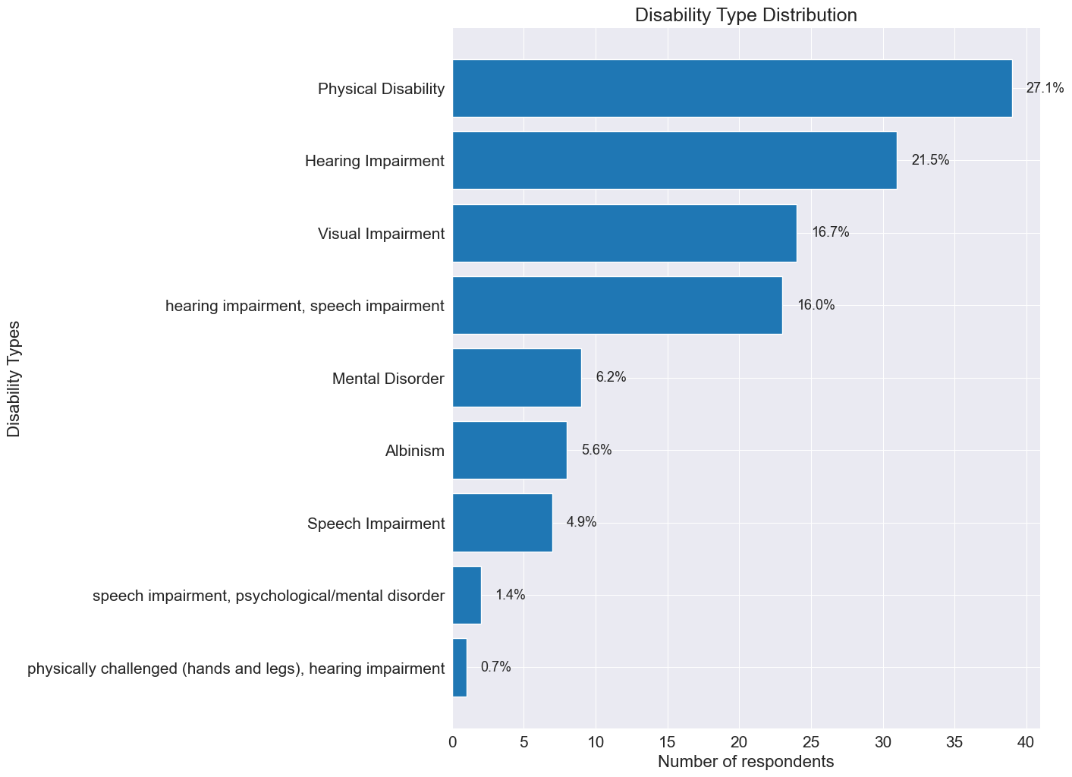


Figure : Types of disability

**CONCLUSION**